

Neutron-rich light-nuclei studied via reactions with the ^9Li beam *

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The broad range of structural phenomena in neutron-rich light nuclei has made them the subject of many experimental and theoretical studies. Despite significant advances in radioactive beam technologies, the nuclear reactions with the neutron-rich nucleus ^9Li have not yet been extensively studied [1, 2]. To date, only a few measurements of elastic scattering are available [3-5], highlighting the need for new studies and high-quality measurements of reactions with this exotic beam. In two experimental campaigns, conducted in 2023 and 2024 at the TRIUMF ISAC-II accelerator facility, the reactions of the high-purity ^9Li beam ($E = 8.31$ MeV/u, intensity up to 10^7 pps) on the boron target with aluminum backing were measured. The campaigns aimed to study the structure of the neutron-rich light nuclei, from Helium to Carbon isotopes, as well as the reactions with the ^9Li beam.

Thanks to a employed high-resolution silicon detector array, various transfer reactions were measured together with well-separated elastic and inelastic scattering channels. This enabled a measurement of ^9Li elastic scattering on B and Al targets, which will be presented and compared with the published results. In addition, preliminary results from inelastic channels of ^9Li scattering and transfer reactions producing ^{10}Be will be presented. These results will advance the understanding of the nuclear structure of ^9Li and ^{10}Be .

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*This work was supported in part by the Croatian Science Foundation under project no. IP-2018-01-1257 and the support of the Center of Excellence for Advanced Materials and Sensing Devices (Grant No. KK.01.1.1.01.0001).