

Probing structure and reactions of two-neutron halos in the N=28 isotones: ^{40}Mg and ^{39}Na

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The advent of cutting-edge Rare Isotope Beam (RIB) facilities has revolutionized our exploration of the nuclear landscape, providing us access to the neutron-rich shores of the nuclear chart. This exciting era has triggered intense theoretical and experimental investigations into exotic nuclear structures, particularly two-neutron halos at the low-Z coast of the Island of Inversion with and around the neutron magic numbers N=20 and N=28 [1-9].

In this talk, I will discuss few-body insights into the structure and reactions of two-neutron halos with N=28 in Na and Mg isotones [9]. I will explore key structure observables of two-neutron halos within a three-body (core+n+n) framework based on the hyperspherical-harmonics formalism by using an analytical-transformed harmonic-oscillator basis. This includes configuration mixing, matter radius, and neutron-neutron correlations. For the reaction aspect, I will discuss the total reaction cross-section estimates within the conventional Glauber reaction theory. The discussion will cover results for the heaviest observed 2n-halo nucleus, ^{29}F [2-4], as well as potential two-neutron halo candidates in sodium (^{39}Na) [9], and magnesium (^{40}Mg) [9] isotopes. I will also discuss our preliminary results of the electric dipole (E1) response of ^{40}Mg .

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